Complete Summary

TITLE

Influenza vaccination: percentage of patients aged 65 years or older who received at least one influenza vaccine in the past two years.

SOURCE(S)

Katz A, DeCoster C, Bogdanovic B, Soodeen RA, Chateau D. Using administrative data to develop indicators of quality in family practice. Winnipeg, Manitoba: Manitoba Centre for Health Policy, University of Manitoba; 2004 Mar. 87 p.

Measure Domain

PRIMARY MEASURE DOMAIN

Process

The validity of measures depends on how they are built. By examining the key building blocks of a measure, you can assess its validity for your purpose. For more information, visit the <u>Measure Validity</u> page.

SECONDARY MEASURE DOMAIN

Does not apply to this measure

Brief Abstract

DESCRIPTION

This measure is used to assess the percentage of patients aged 65 years or older who received at least one influenza vaccine in the past two years.

RATIONALE

Provincial guidelines recommend that all adults aged 65 years or older receive annual influenza vaccinations. Despite Manitoba Health's public campaign as well as evidence that the influenza vaccination has significant impact on mortality rates among those 65 and older, over one-third of older adults are not being vaccinated.

PRIMARY CLINICAL COMPONENT

Influenza; vaccination

DENOMINATOR DESCRIPTION

Patients aged 65 years or older assigned to a family physician (see the related "Denominator Inclusions/Exclusions" field in the Complete Summary)

NUMERATOR DESCRIPTION

Number of patients from the denominator who received at least one influenza vaccination in the past two years

Evidence Supporting the Measure

EVIDENCE SUPPORTING THE CRITERION OF QUALITY

- A clinical practice guideline or other peer-reviewed synthesis of the clinical evidence
- A formal consensus procedure involving experts in relevant clinical, methodological, and organizational sciences
- Focus groups
- One or more research studies published in a National Library of Medicine (NLM) indexed, peer-reviewed journal

Evidence Supporting Need for the Measure

NEED FOR THE MEASURE

Overall poor quality for the performance measured Use of this measure to improve performance Variation in quality for the performance measured

EVIDENCE SUPPORTING NEED FOR THE MEASURE

Katz A, DeCoster C, Bogdanovic B, Soodeen RA, Chateau D. Using administrative data to develop indicators of quality in family practice. Winnipeg, Manitoba: Manitoba Centre for Health Policy, University of Manitoba; 2004 Mar. 87 p.

State of Use of the Measure

STATE OF USE

Current routine use

CURRENT USE

Internal quality improvement Quality of care research

Application of Measure in its Current Use

CARE SETTING

Physician Group Practices/Clinics

PROFESSIONALS RESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH CARE

Physicians

LOWEST LEVEL OF HEALTH CARE DELIVERY ADDRESSED

Individual Clinicians

TARGET POPULATION AGE

Age greater than or equal to 65 years

TARGET POPULATION GENDER

Either male or female

STRATIFICATION BY VULNERABLE POPULATIONS

Unspecified

Characteristics of the Primary Clinical Component

INCIDENCE/PREVALENCE

See "Rationale" field.

ASSOCIATION WITH VULNERABLE POPULATIONS

Unspecified

BURDEN OF ILLNESS

Unspecified

UTILIZATION

Unspecified

COSTS

Unspecified

Institute of Medicine National Healthcare Quality Report Categories

IOM CARE NEED

Staying Healthy

IOM DOMAIN

Effectiveness

Data Collection for the Measure

CASE FINDING

Users of care only

DESCRIPTION OF CASE FINDING

Patients aged 65 years or older assigned to a family physician (see the "Denominator Inclusions/Exclusions" field)

DENOMINATOR SAMPLING FRAME

Patients associated with provider

DENOMINATOR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS

Inclusions

Patients aged 65 years or older assigned* to a family physician

Exclusions

Unspecified

RELATIONSHIP OF DENOMINATOR TO NUMERATOR

All cases in the denominator are equally eligible to appear in the numerator

DENOMINATOR (INDEX) EVENT

Patient Characteristic

DENOMINATOR TIME WINDOW

Time window is a single point in time

^{*}A patient is allocated to the physician with the most visits (as defined by cost). In the case of a tie, the patient is allocated to the physician with the greatest total cost. Total cost calculations include direct care (i.e., visits) and indirect care (i.e., referrals to other physicians or for services such as lab tests and x-rays).

NUMERATOR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS

Inclusions

Number of patients from the denominator who received at least one influenza vaccination in the past two years

Exclusions Unspecified

MEASURE RESULTS UNDER CONTROL OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS, ORGANIZATIONS AND/OR POLICYMAKERS

The measure results are somewhat or substantially under the control of the health care professionals, organizations and/or policymakers to whom the measure applies.

NUMERATOR TIME WINDOW

Fixed time period

DATA SOURCE

Administrative data Registry data

LEVEL OF DETERMINATION OF QUALITY

Individual Case

PRE-EXISTING INSTRUMENT USED

Unspecified

Computation of the Measure

SCORING

Rate

INTERPRETATION OF SCORE

Better quality is associated with a higher score

ALLOWANCE FOR PATIENT FACTORS

Unspecified

STANDARD OF COMPARISON

Evaluation of Measure Properties

EXTENT OF MEASURE TESTING

Unspecified

Identifying Information

ORIGINAL TITLE

Influenza vaccination.

MEASURE COLLECTION

Indicators of Quality in Family Practice

MEASURE SET NAME

Disease Prevention/Health Promotion

DEVELOPER

Manitoba Centre for Health Policy

ADAPTATION

Measure was not adapted from another source.

RFI FASE DATE

2004 Mar

MEASURE STATUS

This is the current release of the measure.

SOURCE(S)

Katz A, DeCoster C, Bogdanovic B, Soodeen RA, Chateau D. Using administrative data to develop indicators of quality in family practice. Winnipeg, Manitoba: Manitoba Centre for Health Policy, University of Manitoba; 2004 Mar. 87 p.

MEASURE AVAILABILITY

The individual measure, "Influenza Vaccination," is published in "Using Administrative Data to Develop Indicators of Quality in Family Practice." This

document is available in Portable Document Format (PDF) from the <u>Manitoba</u> Centre for Health Policy Web site.

For further information, contact: Manitoba Centre for Health Policy, Department of Community Health Sciences, Faculty of Medicine, University of Manitoba, 4th Floor, Room 408, 727 McDermot Ave, Winnipeg, Manitoba R3E 3P5; telephone: (204) 789-3819; fax: (204) 789-3910; Web site: www.umanitoba.ca/centres/mchp.

NQMC STATUS

This NQMC summary was completed by ECRI on April 18, 2006. The information was verified by the measure developer on May 1, 2006.

COPYRIGHT STATEMENT

No copyright restrictions apply.

© 2006 National Quality Measures Clearinghouse

Date Modified: 9/25/2006

FÍRSTGOV

